



Due date: 08/28/2025, 11:00 AM, in-class activity. We will check the results directly in class.

Get to know ROS by inspecting the simulation of an HSR robot.

1. Setup the HSR simulation:
 - `cd` into your local folder `csc752`.
 - Run `xhost +local:root`. It grants the root user, running locally, permission to open windows on your X11 display when you are in the docker image.
 - Make sure the docker image is running. If not, start with `docker compose up -d`.
 - Run `docker compose exec --user csc752 isaac-sim bash`. It starts the docker image using the user `csc752` for the image `isaac-sim` and opens a bash shell.
 - Once inside the docker environment: `s` for sourcing the environment inside the docker image and `python isaac_sim_hsr_chris.py` for starting the entire simulation suite.

2. Open another terminal get in the docker container, source, and list rosnodes and rostopics using:

```
rosnode list
```

```
rostopic list
```

```
rostopic echo [TOPIC]
```

```
rostopic hz [TOPIC]
```

For more information take a look at the slides or:

<http://wiki.ros.org/rostopic>

<http://wiki.ros.org/rosnode>

3. Command a desired velocity to the robot from the terminal (`rostopic pub [TOPIC]`). Search for the right `command_velocity` topic in a new terminal and publish a left turn by using `rostopic pub [TOPIC] geometry_msgs/Twist '{linear: {x: 0.0, y: 0.0, z: 0.0}, angular: {x: 0.0, y: 0.0, z: 0.5}}'`. This puts the angular.z component to **0.5**, which will make the robot rotate around the z-axis, resulting in a left turn. How many degrees did the robot turn? Suppose the entire command took 2 sec. Remember, the angular speed is in $\frac{rad}{s}$. And $degrees = radians \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$. Publish a 90° left turn, followed by a 1m drive in the x-direction.

4. Use `teleop_twist_keyboard` to control the moves of the robot through a terminal. Run the command `roslaunch teleop_twist_keyboard teleop_twist_keyboard.py cmd_vel:=/hsrb/command_velocity`